

**Exercise 37**

Find  $y''$  by implicit differentiation.

$$\sin y + \cos x = 1$$


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**Solution**

Differentiate both sides with respect to  $x$ .

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin y + \cos x) = \frac{d}{dx}(1)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin y) + \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) = 0$$

$$(\cos y) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(y) + (-\sin x) = 0$$

$$y' \cos y - \sin x = 0$$

Solve for  $y'$ .

$$y' = \frac{\sin x}{\cos y}$$

Differentiate both sides with respect to  $x$  to get  $y''$ .

$$\frac{d}{dx}(y') = \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{\sin x}{\cos y} \right)$$

$$y'' = \frac{\left[ \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) \right] \cos y - \left[ \frac{d}{dx}(\cos y) \right] \sin x}{(\cos y)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(\cos x) \cos y - [(-\sin y) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(y)] \sin x}{\cos^2 y}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x \cos y + y' \sin x \sin y}{\cos^2 y}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x \cos y + \left( \frac{\sin x}{\cos y} \right) \sin x \sin y}{\cos^2 y} \cdot \frac{\cos y}{\cos y}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x \cos^2 y + \sin^2 x \sin y}{\cos^3 y}$$